Safety Data Sheet Hempel's Primer Undercoat



1.4 Emergency telephone number

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - Europe

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name :	Hempel's Primer Undercoat
Product identity :	1320110000, 001344F6
Product type :	urethane alkyd primer

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application :	buildings metal industry, ships and shipyards. yacht.
Identified uses :	Consumer applications, Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details :	HEMPEL A/S Lundtoftegårdsvej 91	Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
	DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark Tel.: + 45 45 93 38 00 hempel@hempel.com	+45 45 93 38 00 (08.00 - 17.00) See section 4 First aid measures.
Date of issue :	5 December 2024	
Date of previous issue :	13 November 2023.	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226FLAMMABLE LIQUIDSSTOT SE 3, H336SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects)Aquatic Chronic 2, H411AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM)

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :	Warning
Hazard statements :	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements :	
General :	Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention :	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response :	Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage :	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal :	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients :	hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics
Supplemental label elements :	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Special packaging requirements	
Containers to be fitted with child- resistant fastenings :	Not applicable.

Not applicable.



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result None known. in classification :

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 Index: 022-006-00-2	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 - (inhalation)	[1] [*]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≥1 - ≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M [Acute] = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
trimethylolpropane	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd -	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 μ m not bound within a matrix.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

•	
General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact :	\overline{W} ash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact :	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
•	

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye contact :	No specific data.
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion :	No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray. Not to be used: waterjet.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	
Diele vie el euro e euro in die e e	

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres -Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Type - Population - Exposure	Value	Effects
ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	1500 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
trimethylolpropane	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	0.94 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	3.3 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic

Predicted effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value
<mark>萨</mark> źinc bis(orthophosphate)	Fresh water Marine water Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment Soil Sewage Treatment Plant	20.6 μg/l 6.1 μg/l 117.8 mg/kg dwt 56.5 mg/kg dwt 35.6 mg/kg dwt 52 μg/l

8.2 Exposure controls



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Individual protection measures

General :	Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Hand protection :	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.
	Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:
	Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, nitrile rubber (>0.3 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: nitrile rubber (>0.1 mm)
	Short term exposure: neoprene rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.5 mm), natural rubber (latex) (>0.4 mm), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), butyl rubber (>0.3 mm)
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product. Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.
Respiratory protection :	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa 0.1 - 0.3	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Vapor pressure :		Vapor Pressure at 20°C Vapor pressure at 50			e at 50°C		
Flammability :	Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.						
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or no	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.					
Flash point :	Closed cup: 40°C (104°F)	Closed cup: 40°C (104°F)					
Boiling point/boiling range :	Testing not relevant or no	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.					
Melting point/freezing point :	Testing not relevant or no	t possible	due to natur	e of the product			
pH :	Testing not relevant or no	t possible	due to natur	e of the product			
Odor :	Solvent-like	Solvent-like					
Color :	White	White					
Physical state :	Liquid.						

Vapor density :

Not available.

alkanes, isoalkanes,

cyclics, <2% aromatics

2.25018



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Specific gravity :	1.31 g/cm³			
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.			
Auto-ignition temperature :	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	280 - 470	536 - 878	
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.			
Viscosity :	Aspiration hazard (H304) Not classified. Testing not relevant due to nature of the product.			
Explosive properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.			
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.			

Solvent(s) % by weight :	Weighted average: 30 %
Water % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %
VOC content :	408 g/l (Measured)
Solvent Gas :	Weighted average: 0.068 m ³ /l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials, acids, alkalis and moisture.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Acute toxicity



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure	Effects
ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg	
titanium dioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>6.8 mg/l [4 hours]	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	
trimethylolpropane	Rat - Oral - LD50	14100 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral mg/kg	Dermal mg/kg	Inhalation (gases) ppm	Inhalation (vapors) mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists) mg/l
trimethylolpropane	14100				

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant		
titanium dioxide	Human - Skin - Mild irritant		Amount/concentration applied: 300 Micrograms Intermittent

Sensitizer

No known data avaliable in our database.

Mutagenic effects

No known data avaliable in our database.

Carcinogenicity

No known data avaliable in our database.

Reproductive toxicity

No known data avaliable in our database.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
drocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
No known data avaliable in our database.			

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties :

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Other information :

No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
jit anium dioxide	Acute - LC50	Fish	>100 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Daphnia	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	2.44 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae	0.8 mg/l [72 hours]

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test		Result		
pydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics trimethylolpropane	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Ma Respirometry Test OECD Inherent Biodegradability: Za EMPA Test		80% [28 days] - Readily 100% [28 days] - Readily		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis		Biodegradability	
ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics trimethylolpropane				Readily Readily	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	5 - 6.7	10 - 2500	High
trizinc bis(orthophosphate) trimethylolpropane	- -0.47	60960 <1	High Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос					
pr methylolpropane	1.22	16.5101					
Results of PMT and vPvM assessment							

РМТ	Р	М	т	vPvM	vP	٧M
No	No	No	No	No	No	No
No	No	No	No	No	No	No
No	No	No	No	No	No	No
No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	No No No	No No No No No No	No No No No No No No No No	No No No No No No No No No No No No	NoNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNo	No

Mobility :

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB
vdrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
trimethylolpropane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]



SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB
wdrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
trimethylolpropane	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary :

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11*

Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN / ID no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Tran	sport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		111	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT. (trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	3		111	Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

PG* : Packing group

Env.* : Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization - Substances of very high concern Annex XIV

Annex Alv

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Seveso category

This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

Seveso category

 P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b

 E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms :	EUH statement = CL RRN = REACH Regi DNEL = Derived No	, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] .P-specific Hazard statement istration Number
Full text of abbreviated H statements :	H226 H304 H336 H351 H361fd H400 H410 H411 EUH066	Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] :	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 STOT SE 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3 subtring (EC) No. 1273/2009 [CLB/CHS]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects)	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.

Safe Use of Mixture Information Hempel's Primer Undercoat



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This document is intended to communicate the conditions of safe use for the product and should always be read in combination with the product's Safety Data Sheet and labels.

General description of the process covered

Indoor or outdoor spray painting by professionals or with brush, roller, putty knife, dipping etc. with good general room ventilation

This safe use information is linked to	Professional spray painting and/or low-energy painting, local effect - Skin Sens. 1, Eye Irrit. 2 , Asp. Tox. 1 or Solvent.	Level I
Sector(s) of use	Industrial uses - Professional uses	
Product category(ies)	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers	

Operational conditions

Place of use

: Indoor or outdoor use

Risk management measures (RMM)

Contributing	Process	Maximum	Ventilation		Respiratory	Eye	Hands
activity	category (ies)	duration	Type and air changes per hour				
Preparation of material for application	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Loading of application equipment and handling of coated parts before curing	PROC08a	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Professional application of coatings by brush or roller	PROC10	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Professional application of coatings by spraying	PROC11	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Film formation - force drying, stoving and other technologies	PROC04	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	None	None
Cleaning	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Waste management	PROC08a	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

See section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet for specifications.



The information in this Safe Use of Mixture Information (SUMI) sheet is based on the data provided by the substance supplier for the substances in the product for which a chemical safety assessment has been carried out at the time of issue. It does not guarantee safe use of the product and does not replace any occupational risk assessment required by legislation. When developing workplace instructions for employees, SUMI sheets should always be considered in combination with the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the label of the product. No liability is accepted for any damage, no matter of what kind, which is a direct or indirect consequence of acts and/or decisions based on the contents of this document.