

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Awlbrite Converter

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

Product code

: Awlbrite Converter

: OJ3006

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Professional application of coatings and inks	
Uses advised against	Reason
All Other Uses	

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

•	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com
NE10 0JY UK	Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711
Gateshead Tyne and Wear	
International Paint Ltd. Stoneygate Lane Felling	

National contact

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/F	<u>Poison Centre (For use only by lice</u>	ensed medical professionals.)
Telephone number	: +44 (0)344 892 0111 (UK)	+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Eire)
<u>Supplier</u>		
Telephone number	: +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 The product is clearified as hererflaus according to Deputation (EQ) 4070/0000 according to D

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements





AkzoNobel

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	: Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers hexamethylene-di-isocyanate
Supplemental label elements	: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
	Use an approved, properly-fitted, powered air-purifying respirator or a respirator of equivalent or greater protection.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers		Classification		
name	identifiers	% by weight	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Nota (s)	Туре
diisocyanate, oligomers 01-2 EC:		≥75 - ≤90	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1] [2]
isocyanate CAS	212-485-8 S: 822-06-0 ex: 615-011-00-1	≤0.2	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317	2	[1] [2]



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

STOT SE 3, H335	
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Date of issue/Date of revision		: 11/01/2022	AkzoNobel
Inhalation		Based on the properties of the isocyan toxicological data on similar mixtures, sensitisation of the respiratory system, and tightness of the chest.	this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to the OEL. llowing:
Eye contact		No specific data.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	ton	IS	
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical h	hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Inhalation	:	•	ory irritation. Exposure to decomposition Serious effects may be delayed following
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical h	nazards.
Potential acute health effec	ts	· · · ·	



SECTION 4: First aid measures

	headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

dry chemical, CO_2 , water spray (fog) or foam.	
not use water jet.	
substance or mixture	
the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequen	
oon dioxide	als:
e is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any pers able training. Move containers from fire area if this ca	sonal risk or without
athing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operate le. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protec forming to European standard EN 469 will provide a b	ed in positive pressure tive boots and gloves)
: Do r from the : Flan and sew : Dec carb carb carb carb carb carb carb car	 Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. Do not use water jet. From the substance or mixture Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a presand the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Decomposition products may include the following material carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this carbon water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipmer breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operate mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protect conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a b chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and materia	Il for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or or respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in used. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems sh in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eye clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is in enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately v original container or an approved alternative made from a con- tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ver- material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. The measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Dry sanding, welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazard sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respirator equipment should be used.	chronic or recurrent which this product is nould not be employed es or on skin or only with adequate adequate. Do not rentilated. Keep in the npatible material, kept s, sparks, open flame entilating, lighting and Take precautionary retain product residue flame cutting and/or dous fumes. Wet e cannot be avoided
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas we handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing equipment before entering eating areas. When operators, we have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to b particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumsta wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying procetime as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has exposure limits. See also Section 8 for additional information	and face before and protective bether spraying or not, be sufficient to control ances they should cess and until such fallen below the
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/01/2022	AkzaNabal



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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	 EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m³, (as NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as NCO) 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m³, (as NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as NCO) 8 hours. 		
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate			
procedures atmosphere or l of the ventilation protective equip the following: E the assessment limit values and atmospheres - (of exposure to c (Workplace atm for the measure	ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness in or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as suropean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be		
DNELs/DMELs			
No DNELs/DMELs available.			
PNECs			
No PNECs available			
8.2 Exposure controls			
controls ventilation or of contaminants b controls also ne	dequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ther engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering eed to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower below any lower or dust concentrations below any lower below any lower or dust concentrations below any lower		
Individual protection measures			





SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/ specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.EN ISO 13688 When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary according to EN529. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Solvent.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.

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:





SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 165 to 172°C (329 to 341.6°F)(ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate).
Flash point	: Closed cup: 58°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.05% Upper: 9.8% (ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate)
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.136
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 44 mm ² /s
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity			
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.		
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

•	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene I diisocyanate, oligomers	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18500 mg/m³	1 hours
5	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates





SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1.694 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
diisocyanate, oligomers				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit	v (single exposure)				

<u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Potential acute nearth	enects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	 Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Adverse symptoms may include the following: Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	respiratory tract irritation coughing headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short form ovnoguro		······································
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	-	high
hexamethylene-di- isocyanate	0.02	57.63	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully
	contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Hazardous waste

Code number	Waste designation	
EWC 08 05 01*	waste isocyanates	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	 Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. 	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Tunnel code (D/E)	-	-

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SECTION 14. T 41 t inf

SECTION 14: Tran	sport information
IMDG Code Segregation group	: Not applicable.
14.6 Special precautions tuser	for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code	: Not available.
SECTION 15: Regu	ulatory information
EU Regulation (EC) No.	ivironmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 1907/2006 (REACH) stances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
Substances of very hi	<u>gh concern</u>
None of the component	s are listed.
Annex XVII - Restriction on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances mixtures and articles	
Other EU regulations	
Europe inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Special packaging requi	<u>rements</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of dang	jer : Not applicable.
Ozone depleting subst	ances (1005/2009/EU)
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consen Not listed.	<u>t (PIC) (649/2012/EU)</u>
National regulations	
References	: Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.





SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	Cal Cal	basis of test data culation method culation method culation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H315 Ca H317 Ma H319 Ca H330 Fat H332 Ha H334 Ma	mmable liquid and vapour. uses skin irritation. y cause an allergic skin reaction. uses serious eye irritation. al if inhaled. mful if inhaled. y cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing culties if inhaled. y cause respiratory irritation.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Acute Tox. 4, H332 AC Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SE 2 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FL/ Resp. Sens. 1, H334 RE Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SK Skin Sens. 1, H317 SK STOT SE 3, H335 SP	JTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 JTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 RIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category MMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 N CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 N SENSITIZATION - Category 1 ECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE POSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
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Notice to reader

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Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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SECTION 16: Other information

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